APPENDIX IX.

[Vide answer to Starred Question No. 2355-G asked by Sri M. Kalyanasundaram at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 14th December 1961, page 759 supra.]

Under the existing arrangements, text-books for detailed study in the several languages for the S.S.L.C Public Examination are printed and published by the University of Madras. The books are generally ready for sale in June or early in July. This year there has been delay in the release of books for sale. The following statement will show the dates on which the various text-books in the languages were released for sale :—

Languages.	Date on which the book was released for sale—S.S.L.C. (X Standard) Public Examination 1962.
English	15th June 1961.
Tamil	29th July 1961.
Telugu	14th July 1961.
Sanskrit	10th July 1961.
Urdu—Under Part I	8th August 1961.
Urdu—Under Part II	21st August 1961.
Kannada	20th August 1961.
Malayalam	31st August 1961.

It has been ascertained from the Registrar, Madras University, that the delay in the release of the text-books is due to the non-availability of wagons for getting the required paper.

2. Text-books for non-detailed study in English are being printed and published Departmentally. As regards the Text-Books in the other subjects such as Social Studies, General Science and Mathematics, the managements are to select from the books approved by the Text-Book Committee. The Commissioner for Government Examinations has now reported that no difficulty was experienced by any of the managements or the heads of schools in getting the books on these subjects in time this year.

APPENDIX X.

[Vide answer to Starred Question No. 2355-I, asked by Sri T. S. Ramaswami at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 14th December 1961, page 761 supra.]

A.—(*a*) The Government Mineral Concern at Manavalakurichi was taken over by this Government from the Government of Kerala on 1st November 1956 and was transferred to Travancore Minerals, Limited, Quilon, with effect from 1st January 1959.

14th December 1961]

The following are the amounts of royalty and dividends realised from 1st January 1959 :—

Period.	Royalty.		Dividend.	
	RS.	NP.	RS.	NP.
1st January to 31st March 1959.	37,003	22	1,880	67*
1st April 1959 to 31st March 1960 ..	34,675	90	12,500	00
1st April 1960 to 31st March 1961.	1,00,953	23†	12,500	00

(b).—The particulars of profits earned by the Government for the period from 1st November 1956 to 31st December 1958 are as follows.—

Period.		Profits earned.
		RS. A. P.
1st November 1956 to 31st March 1957	..	91,613 5 7
1st April 1957 to 31st March 1958	.. RS.	9,82,671 15 nP.
1st April to 31st December 1958	.. RS.	1,98,501 22 nP.

APPENDIX XI.

[Vide answer to Starred Question No. 2355-V asked by Sri S. M. Annamalai at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 14th December 1961, page 768 supra.]

[SUBJECT—*Small-Scale Industry Area Survey Report in North Arcot district.*]

INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

The survey of North Arcot district was undertaken by the Economic Investigation Team attached to the Small Industries Service Institute, Madras, at the instance of the State Government.

North Arcot district is an industrially undeveloped area in the State. There are not many large-scale units in the district. The only ones worth mentioning are two spinning mills and a factory producing acids, chemicals, fertilisers, etc. In the small-scale sector leather tanning, light engineering, matches, art silk weaving are the main industries but they too are not well-organised. Mat-weaving, beedi making, lungi and pure silk weaving, druggets and carpet making, manufacture of jaggery and domestic utensils are some of the important cottage and village industries in the district.

As a result of the efforts of the State Government for the Industrial development of the district, a co-operative sugar mill has been established and a number of new industrial training centres have been started in the district. An industrial colony at Kalpati is also under way.

The district offers a good market for a wide range of goods. Vellore is the principal market. Market studies reveal that there is good demand for electrical goods, automobile parts, hardware items, furniture, steel trunks, footwear, domestic utensils, bicycles and spares in the district.

On the basis of the analysis of the resources and demand, there appears to be good scope for new industries like sandalwood oil, fluorescent chockes, animal shoe nails, radio components, bicysle

* This amount was paid by way of interest on the value of the assets of the Manavalakurichi Mineral Concern transferred by this Government to the Company, in lieu of dividend.

† Provision made in the accounts of the company, but not yet paid.